THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

No. 239.

WEDNESDAY, *November* 22, 1749.

From the GENERAL EVENING POST, *August* 15.

To the PRINTER, &c.

SIR,

THE Time when not only our domestic Commodity, but every Branch of Commerce, bends oppressed with the Weight of Taxes, like an old Man bowed down with Years, there is certainly a Necessity for every Man's using his utmost Endeavours to retrieve our desperate Situation. In this I wish the ministry to lead; and at the same Time to see those who complain most of ministerial Errors convince the World, that were they in the like Station they would act more becoming themselves as *Englishmen*: Which they may do, in some Measure, tho' they are not. Those who oppose a Ministry, when in Honour and Conscience they ought, to do it; and when any Thing occurs for the Good of their Country, are warm and attentive in the carrying of it into Execution; such are Patriots! such are *Englishmen*!

In a Word, without Art or Labour, I would at once illustrate my Meaning by Example. I see a fine Lady, a Woman of Quality too, contributing, both by Example and Influence, to discourage Foreign Manners and Manufactures; and, of consequence, countenancing those of her own Country. May I not hence fairly conclude, That her Parents, Husband, and Relations, have favourable Sentiments of her Conduct? But when I find added hereto an authentic Proof, that Numbers, for that Reason, hold her in the highest Admiration and Esteem, it is surely a Proof that Virtue is ripening again amongst us, and that there still remains some that may strictly be deemed Patriots and *Englishmen*.

Our Women, tho' they may not speak in Parliament, are capable, when rightly inclined, of giving a very happy Lead to our Inclinations: They can cheer us into Virtue, warm us into Honour, spirit us into Glory, and charm us into a Love of our Country. It is on this Principle I find the Right Hon. the Countess of MIDDLESEX introduced to the Attention of the Public, as one of the brightest Models of true *British* Nobility this Century has produced; and is accordingly taken Notice of by a Society, who are attempting, and I hope not in vain, to recover the Nation from that miserable State of Indolence and Folly, which a long Course of Negligence in every Rank of People has naturally reduced us to; which Act of the said Society I place here, that Posterity may be convinced, there lived in an Age, when the highest Honour a Man could arrive to, was that of being a Plunderer of his Country, one Woman, who by her invincible Virtue, and happy Turn of Thinking, stemm'd the Torrent of Corruption, and brought the Nation, by Degrees, to it's right Senses.

A Transcript of the Diploma presented to the Right Honourable the Countess of Middlesex, *by the Grand Association of* Anti-Gallicans.

For our COUNTRY.

This Day, the 22d of *June*, 1749, the Sixth Year of our Constitution, in an Assembly of the Grand Association of

ANTI-GALLICANS,

Held at the *Ship* Tavern, at *Ratcliff Cross*,

STEPHEN THEODORE JANSSEN, Esq;

GRAND PRESIDENT,

And in the Chair,

The RIGHT HONOURABLE the

COUNTESS of *MIDDLESEX*

Was unanimously elected a Honorary *Anti Gallican* Associate. And the Original hereof is to remain among the Records of this Association, as a Memorial

Of our Respect paid to a LADY,

Who, by encouraging the Manufactures of her *own* Country, and a laudable *Disuse* of those of *France*, has set a shining Example to the present Age, and render'd herself an Honour to her Sex and Nation.

Crescam laude recens, HOR.

COPENHAGEN, August 9.

THE squadron designed to go a cruize under the command of vice admiral Touder, is in the road of this city, ready to sail upon the first order; but it does not yet appear whether it will go into the Baltic, or into the North Sea.

Debrezin (in Hungary), July 29. The locusts appear again in great swarms in several parts of this kingdom, particularly in the territories of Bofzormon, Nanas, and Diosze, in the county of Saboltz, where there are such great numbers of them that they occupy a district of two or three leagues in circumference, and are in that space above an ell thick. These terrible insects cause, as last year, inexpressible devastations, devouring all the grass, leaves and fruit, which they find; so that the country where they have been appears like a barren desert.

Warsaw (the metropolis of Poland), August 4. On the first instant, about ten o' clock in the evening, we had a terrible storm, and about eleven the lightning darted directly down on the tower of the Hotel belonging to the city, and set the top of it on fire. As there was no possibility of coming where the fire had catched, without apparent danger of a man's life, the turret was burnt down, without any one's making the least effort to extinguish the flames; which afterwards set the Hotel itself on fire, and tho several of the most valuable effects were indeed moved off, yet the whole building, together with the great number of valuable books and papers, were reduced to ashes. A mechanic, who was a prisoner in the tower for debt, ventur'd, at the hazard of his life, to save the fine clock that was erected there; and as he succeeded in his attempt, he had his liberty given him as a recompense for his courage and his service.

Friburg (in Switzerland), August 5. We have fresh letters from Lorrain, and from some other interior provinces of France, which give very melancholy descriptions of the great scarcity which prevails there, which neither the proximity of the harvest, nor the prudent conduct of the magistrates, have hitherto been able to remedy. In some places it has been occasioned by the unseasonableness of the weather, and in others the cause is attributed to the commissions given by the court of France for filling the magazines of Alsace, Lorrain, and Provence. The situation of the maritime provinces would be still more deplorable, if the peace had not opened again the commerce with Great Britain, Barbary, and the North. The kingdom was last year at it's last gasp, and as the harvest of this year is very far from promising to be a plentiful one, France would certainly been found in the same condition she was in, in the year 1710; and notwithstanding her victories and conquests, we should certainly have seen her a second time renewing the same offers which she made to the allies at Gertruydenberg, if a peace had not been precipitately entered into by the allies. This is the manner in which some politicians talk, or if the divine goodness, in the language of religion and humanity, which is always more ready to deliver mankind out of their afflictions, than they to be relieved from them, had not snatched the murdering weapons out of their hand, which they had invented to destroy one another.

Malta, July 21. This morning four more of the principal accomplices in the late conspiracy were executed here, pursuant to the sentence pass'd on them. They were first led thro'

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the principal ſtreets of the city, and, at certain ſtages, pieces of their fleſh were torn off with pincers, and boiling pitch put into the cavities: After which they were tied to poſts ſet up for the purpoſe, and then ſtrangled. The next operation was cutting off their heads, which are to be kept; and the ſcene was cloſed with burning their bodies.——[*All this cruelty was acted by Chriſtians, by men of honour too, who pique themſelves much on their bravery. Death they certainly deſerved, but it might have been leſs barbarous.*]——Two of thoſe poor wretches embraced the Chriſtian religion before they died, rather perhaps in hopes of ſaving their lives by it, than convinced of the truth of it by the edifying example or winning behaviour of the executioners. The trials of the other criminals go on; and ſome of them will be executed from time to time.

At preſent all is very quiet here, and in order to prevent any after claps, the Turkiſh ſlaves have been deprived of the privileges granted them by the regency: They are not allowed to walk the ſtreets, as heretofore, without a guard with them. All thoſe who were employed about the palace have been diſmiſſed; the knights have done the ſame; and all private perſons are obliged to bring their ſlaves towards evening, to be lock'd up in the priſons, from whence they may take them out in the morning.

Leghorn, Auguſt 8. By the laſt letters from Baſtia, we find, that affairs grow worſe and worſe in Corſica, and that the malecontents have reſolved at any rate to ſeize upon ſome of the places occupied by the French troops.

The two Genoeſe galliots, lately ſent out, have ſail'd quite round Corſica and Sardinia, without meeting with any Barbary corſairs.

LONDON.

Auguſt 15. Laſt Saturday night about ten o'clock, a dreadful fire broke out in the Stables of Mr. Walton, a coal-lighterman, adjoining to Mr. Spencer's dye houſe in Mill-lane, Battle Bridge, Southwark, and, for want of water, it being then ebb tide, the flames in leſs than half an hour communicated themſelves to the brewhouſe of Mr. Crutchley, the preſent high ſheriff for the county; Mr. Terry's, hoop bender; and Mr. Hudſon's, ſail maker; which were all reduced to aſhes, with all the warehouſes, ſtorehouſes, granaries, &c. It continued burning 'till paſt four in the morning, when upwards of 80 houſes were deſtroyed. Upwards of 2000 quarters of malt, beſides a large quantity of hops, and 800 buts of beer, were loſt by this accident; the damage of which is ſaid to be about 40000*l.* but providentially no perſon received any hurt.

On Saturday laſt a fellow in a ſailor's habit was taken up in Peckham Fair, for robbing and wounding a gentleman a few nights before at Peckham-Gap. He was carried before juſtice Copeland, who committed him to the New Goal in Southwark.

On Sunday morning a young fellow was committed to the New Goal by William Hammond, Eſq; for further examination, being detected in carrying off from the unhappy ſufferers at the fire at Battle Bridge a large deal box, containing wearing apparel to a conſiderable value. His cloaths were very much ſcorch'd by the fire, as is ſuppoſed by venturing into the room for the box when on fire.

By yeſterday's mail we have an account from Germany of the death of the princeſs Chriſtiana, born Ducheſs of Mecklenbourg, on the 3d of this month, in the 86th year of her age. She married the count of Stolberg, by whom ſhe had 24 children, 13 of whom ſurvive her. Her poſterity has been ſo numerous, that ſhe was at the ſame time reſpectively mother, grandmother, and great grandmother, of 151 perſons. This princeſs, who has lived in widowhood 39 years, was, as well in her death, as through the whole courſe of her long life, a perfect model of chriſtian piety.

Briſtol, July 22. Laſt Thurſday about the middle of the day, a horrid murder was committed on the body of Mary [illegible]ſhire, a young ſervant maid, aged about 13, who liv'd at a [illegible] houſe known by the name of the White Ladies, in the [illegible]oot way leading to Dundham Down, by Joſeph Obzeen, a Swediſh ſailor, aged near 40, which houſe is rented by one Symmonds, a ſea faring man, with whom the ſaid Joſeph Obzeen had been a lodger for ſome time. The villain had, at ſeveral times, given the girl three gowns, ſeveral ſhifts, a pair of ſilver ſhoe buckles, &c. ſeemingly as though he had a peculiar regard for her; but being thwarted in his expectations, he let drop ſome threatning expreſſions, as gave cauſe to ſuſpect he foreboded no good to the girl. That day it happened that her miſtreſs ſent her to the Blackmoor's Head, at the foot of the Down, for three pounds of butter; and ſhe ſtaying longer than expected, her miſtreſs was ſo very uneaſy that ſhe went to ſee for her, when to her great ſurpriſe, ſhe found the poor creature in a mangled condition, and murder'd, in the lane leading to her houſe, with the butter and a baſket by her, the blood having ſtain'd the very wall. She immediately haſted to the aſſiſtance of the Swede being the aſſaſſin, as he was obſerv'd to go into the garden the very inſtant the girl went on her errand, and did not return. He afterwards appeared he went over the garden wall, and met the girl in the ſaid lane, a little diſtance from the houſe, as ſhe was returning; and as is preſum'd, ſhe reſiſting his violence to raviſh her, he drew his knife, and inhumanly butcher'd her, that a like inſtance has been ſcarce ever heard of. She had nine cuts over her head, (one in particular thro' her hat and cap) and ſtabb'd quite through the neck, ſo that the orifice appear'd on each ſide, like that of a ſheep when ſlaughtered; the middle finger of her left hand cut off at the ſecond joint; beſides other wounds and bruiſes.

But what is remarkable, his own hand was cut in ſuch a manner, and iſſued ſo much blood, that he was track'd by it over Durdham Down and the fields to Hungroad, where a pilot's boat took him in, and put him on board the Sheerneſs outward bound for Cadiz, waiting for a fair wind, where he was ſeiz'd by his purſuers (the maſter of the Houſe, and ſeveral aſſiſtants he got with him) and being ſecured in chains, he was brought to town, and committed to the Bridewell without Lawford's Gate, in order to be ſent to Glouceſter goal. He own'd the fact, but ſeem'd loaded with the horror of his guilt, and not able to hold up his head.

Edinburgh, Aug. 3. We are not yet without hopes of getting a viſit from his royal highneſs the duke of Cumberland, ere this ſeaſon be over; private letters acquainting us, that his highneſs lately Eng[illegible]fied, at his departure, his intention of coming ſoon to this country.

The laſt Letters from Paris, ſeem conſiderably to intimate that the French miniſtry will endeavour, by all poſſible means, to maintain this peace, and render it of ſome duration, or at leaſt till he marine is put in a condition to diſpute the empire of the main with the Engliſh; and the more ſo, as it is the abſolute deſire of the king, and he favourite and eſtabliſhed ſyſtem of the Marquis de Puyſieux, miniſter of foreign affairs; and if there ſhould happen any diſturbance in the North, in ſpite of all the efforts that are uſed to prevent it, the king will take no other part in it than by the ſubſidies which his majeſty is to furniſh in conformity to former treaties.

Dublin, July 11. On Friday night laſt a young man and woman who lived at Rathfarnam, took a lodging at the Harrow at the Green-Hills, and in the morning were both found dead by poiſon, which ſhe firſt adminiſter'd to the man, and then to herſelf. The occaſion of this ſad cataſtrophe is ſuppoſed the Girl's mother refuſing to conſent to their marriage, tho' ſhe was with child by him. Seventeen cocks and hens died by picking up what they diſcharged out of their ſtomachs.

We are aſſured, that his royal highneſs the duke of Cumberland will ſhortly be appointed governor in chief of all his majeſty's German dominions.

BOSTON.

October 16. On the 8th inſtant at night, we had (for the time it laſted) as violent a gale of wind as has been known, which did conſiderable damage to the ſhipping in this harbour. Capt. Maxwell, in a large ſhip in Nantaſket road, bound to the Weſt Indies, parted his cables, and was very near driving on ſhore upon the rocks, where he would inevitably have been daſhed to pieces, but by cutting away his maſts he ſaved his ſhip, which is now refitting for the ſea. In the ſame ſtorm 3 veſſels were put on ſhore at the Vineyard, which we here are likely to get off without much damage, except one from New-York, bound to Halifax, in Nova-Scotia, whoſe cargo is moſtly ſpoiled. Conſiderable damage has likewiſe been done on the land, in divers places.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Halifax in Nova-Scotia, dated October 2, 1749.

"About 7 o'clock laſt Saturday morning, as ſeveral of major Gilman's workmen, with one ſoldier upon guard, were hewing a ſtick of timber, about 200 yards from his houſe and mills, on the eaſt ſide of the harbour, they were ſurpriſed by about 40 Indians, who firſt fired two ſhot, and then a volley upon them, which killed four, two of which they ſcalp'd, and cut off the heads of the others; the fifth is miſſing, and is probably carried off, who is a young man belonging to New-Hampſhire; two or three men at work very near the others made their eſcape to a wooden ſtank on one ſide of the major's houſe. As ſoon as he was alarm'd he call'd in all his

people

people, and a party of 12 soldiers, into his little half finished block-house, & drew his guns into the woods among them, and waited their attack, which they did not make, although they might have easily entred the place. This is a consolation to me of the smallness of their number, as the time in the woods may tire them to soon, &c. As this is an open declaration of war, we have Col. Gorham's Rangers on the scout after them, and in probable several companies will soon be raised, on some proper footing, to fight them in their own way. We are under no apprehension of danger in the town, as we are surrounded by five picketed block houses, and have nine hundred effective troops, and about that number of inhabitants, well armed, besides. We have a 100 of Philip's regiment strongly entrenched at the head of the bay, and a company at Minas. This day his excellency our governour, to our great joy, came on shore from the Beaufort, (under the discharge of near 100 cannon from the ships in the harbour) to reside in his house, which now makes a very pretty appearance. He was saluted on his arrival by a grand discharge of the artillery planted here for the defence of the town.

PHILADELPHIA.

October 12. Sunday night the two highway men, Fielding and Johnson, attempted to escape out of the dungeon. They had saw'd off their irons, and intended to seize the keeper when he came (as he us'd every evening) to see that they were secure; and having lock'd him in the dungeon, to run up, and force the key of the street door from the Turnkey, and so get into the street. Three persons happened to go down that evening, whom the prisoners attempted to seize, but they disengag'd themselves, and getting first up to the head of the stairs, shut a door on the Felons, and prevented their proceeding further. However the keys being left in the dungeon door, they went down and lock'd themselves in; and opened some other cells where two other prisoners lay. They stood on their defence all night, and threatned death to any that should come in to secure them. A sufficient guard was plac'd round the prison, till morning, when they were perswaded to surrender. On search some knives were found with them, and some powder and ball, but no pistols. On Tuesday they were carried to Court, and received sentence of death. At the same time Ferdinando Hussey found guilty of manslaughter in killing John Brown, was burnt in the hand; and John Webster, was sentenc'd to be whipt for stealing money out of a store. Anne Brooks, convicted of dealing with Negroes, and receiving stolen goods from them, was sentenc'd to be imprison'd three months, to pay a fine of fifty pounds, and give security for her good behaviour.

October 26. Saturday last the two highwaymen, Fielding and Johnson, were executed here; but made no confession (as was expected) as to any accomplices they had.

ANNAPOLIS.

A few Days ago died Mr. *Humphry Wells, junior*, one of the Justices of *Queen Anne's* County.

Last Wednesday came on, at an especial Court held in *Cecil* County for that Purpose, the Tryal of *Joseph Wilson*, for counterfeiting the Twenty Shilling and Five Shilling Bills of this Province; and after a short Tryal was found guilty, and received sentence of Death; his Comrade *Wright*, having turn'd Evidence against him. The false Plates were both found; but it seems they had passed but Eight of the Five Shilling Bills, and not one of the Others.

We have heard since, that *Wilson* has broke out of *Cecil* County Goal, and made his Escape.

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS. *Entered.*

Ship Speedwell, James Creagh, from Philadelphia;
Sloop Benelia, John Jones, from Barbadoes;
Schooner Speedwell, Thomas Dewick, from Rhode-Island;
Ship Chester, William Sedgeley, from Bristol.

Cleared for Departure.

Ship Owner's Supply, Thomas Hooper, for London;
Schooner Peggy, William Davis, for Virginia;
Ship William, Samuel Wood, for London;
Ship Fanny, Thomas Witheare, for Bristol;
Ship Prince Frederick, James Cawley, for London;
Brigantine Sophia, John Lavering, for Biddeford;
Ship Thistle, Hugh Coulter, for Glasgow;
Brigantine Kingston, John Perrin, for Madeira.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

November 20, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, on Friday Night last, an *English* Convict Servant Man, named *Henry Watts*, about 26 Years of Age, and about 5 Feet 4 Inches high; pretends to be a Butcher, and understands dressing of Wigs. He had on when he went away a brown Coat and Breeches of *French* Frize, with flat white metal Buttons, an old Osnabrigs Waistcoat with the same sort of Buttons, grey ribb'd worsted Stockings, and an old dark brown bob Wig. He has a down Look, especially when in Drink.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward if taken within ten Miles of the Town; Thirty Shillings, if taken above ten Miles; and Fifty, if taken above twenty Miles; and reasonable Charges.

SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

WILLIAM GOVANE, intending to depart this Province early in the spring, desires all Persons indebted to him to make speedy Payment of their respective Debts: And those to whom he is indebted, are desired to apply to him for Payment.

To be SOLD by the said GOVANE,

CHoice *Barbadoes* and *New England* Rum, *Jamaica* Melasses, and Muscovado Sugar, at the cheapest Rates, for Ready Money, or *Indian* Corn.

JAMES COOK, Gardener, from *England*, hereby gives this public Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he performs all Sorts of Gardeners Work, in the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates. The said *Cook* is willing to engage himself by the Year, to any Gentleman, who, by sending a Line to the House of *Arthur Turner*, in *Annapolis*, shall be immediately waited on by

JAMES COOK.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Queen Anne*, an indented *Scotch* Servant Man, named *James Dundass*, about 24 Years of Age, of low Stature, with short Hair which he may probably cut off, or conceal with a coarse Yarn Cap; he speaks quick and coarse, but with little of the *Scotch* Accent; has a strutting Gait, and a remarkable Twinkling with his Eyes when speaking to Superiors; he writes tolerably, and may forge a Pass; talks of having been a Son in and a Tailor, pretends to understand Navigation, and is supposed to have a Nocturnal in his Pocket. He had on, or with him, a grey half thick Coat and Breeches, with white metal Buttons, not much worn; an old blue Sailor's Jacket, and wide Trowsers; dark colour'd Yarn Stockings, turn up seal'd Shoes half worn, brass Buckles square and carv'd, a Felt Hat half worn, an old Osnabrigs and an old check'd Shirt. He was intrusted in the Morning with a Twenty Shilling Bill, and took with him a pretty tall Roan Horse, low in Flesh, branded I D and trots, and a new deep skirted Saddle, with iron swivel Stirrups, but no Housing.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so as his Master may have him again, if taken in this County, shall have Twenty Shillings more than the Law allows; if in any other County of this Province, Forty Shillings more than the Law allows; and if in another Province, Four Pounds of the Currency where taken; reasonable Charges if brought home; and Twenty Shillings for the Horse and Saddle; paid by

WILLIAM BROODEN.

IMported in the *Betsy*, Capt. *Hall*, the following Parcels of Goods; *viz.*

A Box marked P B, No. 5; —— A Box marked H B, the two Letters joined together, and inclosed in a Diamond; —— And, a Box marked P (inclosed in a Diamond), No. A: —— For which no Owners have as yet appeared. The Persons to whom they belong, may have them, by applying to the Subscriber at *Londontown*.

There was delivered out of the said Ship, by Mistake, a small Case, mark'd H A, containing Loaf Sugar, and several other Things. Also, a Cask, marked I C, No. 3, the I running through the C; being a Cask of empty Canisters. Those, who have them are desired to give Information of them to the Printer hereof, or to

JAMES DICK.

All

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts, are desired to settle them without Delay; for which purpose Attendance will be given at his Store in *Annapolis* every Friday and Saturday, and at *London Town* on every other Day.

Likewise those who are still indebted to the Estate of *Thomas Lloyd*, are requested to discharge their respective Ballances in a very short Time; otherwise they may expect to be sued, without further Notice.

JAMES DICK.

BRoke or Stolen out of Mr. *Lowson*'s Pasture, at the Iron Works in *Baltimore* County, about the End of *September* last, a Dark Bay Horse, about ten Years old, low in Flesh, his Mane divided and hanging on both Sides, a Switch Tail, some Marks of saddle Galls upon his Back, and is shod all round. Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to Mr. *Lowson*, shall have a reasonable Reward.

November 8, 1749.

LOST or Stolen from the Dwelling House of *Charles Carroll*, Esq; in the City of *Annapolis*, about ten Days ago, one old silver Mug, holding above half a Pint; with a Coat of Arms engraved thereon, being a sword erect, between two Lyons rampant: Likewise three Silver Spoons, with a Crest engraved on each, being a Falcon, with Wings expanded, standing on a Stump, having a Branch on each Side.

If offered to be pawn'd or sold, whoever will secure the Person so offering the same, shall, upon Conviction of the Thief, be intitled to a Reward of Five Pounds, to be paid by

CHARLES CARROLL.

JOHN WALLIS, CHIMNEY-SWEEPER,

Who served his Time to John Kent, Esq; *(his most Excellent Majesty* KING GEORGE the Second, *his) Chimney-Sweeper in* London; *and understands that curious and difficult Business as well as any Man,*

LIVES now near the Gate in *Annapolis*, and will Sweep Chimneys in the best and cleanest manner, so that there shall be no Danger of their Firing (which often happens soon after they are pretendedly swept with long Brooms) for One Shilling each Chimney; or will undertake by the Year, to keep them Clean; and waits on Gentlemen *at their Houses*.

Any Gentlemen, or others, who shall be pleased to Employ him, may depend on being Serv'd with Fidelity, Care, and Dispatch, by

Their humble Servant,

JOHN WALLIS.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land called *Nicholson's Manor*, laid out for 4200 Acres (belonging to the Heirs of *William Nicholson*, deceased), lying in the Forest of *Baltimore* County, about 24 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, on *Patapsco* River, and about the same Distance from a good Landing on *Gunpowder* River. There is a fine Branch running through it, adjoining to which is a good deal of low rich Meadow Ground, which may be brought to good Perfection with little Expence: It is well situated for raising Stock, there being a great Range of Barrens back of it.

Any Person inclinable to purchase the aforesaid Tract of Land, may, by applying to the Subscriber in the City of *Annapolis*, examine the Title, and know the Terms of Sale.

J. ROSS.

SUndry Casks, Bundles, &c. were imported the last Summer, in the Ship *William*, Capt. *Samuel Wood*, from *London*, for which no Owners have as yet appeared; *viz.*

Three Casks, No. 1, 2, and 3, mark'd B R; and a small Parcel, with the same Mark:

Two Bundles, No. 1, and 2, mark'd P S: And

A small Box, No. 1, mark'd N H.

The Owners, on applying to the Printer hereof, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, may be inform'd where to find and receive their Goods.

THE Subscriber keeps at the Landing where *Treadhaven* formerly kept Ferry, on *Patowmack River*, opposite to Capt. *John Hoe*'s, a choice large new Ferry Boat, with able and skilful Hands; where all Gentlemen and others, who have occasion to cross to *Virginia*, may depend on being expeditiously ferry'd over the said River; and doubt not but every Person who passes over the said Ferry will allow it to be the safest and best on this Part of *Patowmack*.

BENJ. FENDALL.

N. B. The River has been measured from Capt. *Hoe*'s to the said Landing, and found two Miles only. The Ferriage for Man and Horse 5 s. Paper; or 4 s. Silver.

ALL Persons who had Dealings with Capt. *John Peers* (now removed into *Charles* County) whilst he kept Store in this City, and whose Accounts are unsettled; and those who are indebted to the Subscriber on his own proper Account are desired to settle their Accounts immediately, for which Purpose Attendance is constantly given at *London Town*, by

SAMUEL CHAPMAN.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 29th Day of November *inst. by the Subscriber, at the Plantations late Mr.* Samuel Hyde's, *in Prince* George's *County, the following Tracts of Land in the said County*; viz.

HIS *Lordship's Kindness*, containing 1700 Acres, upon which there is a good Water Mill.

The several Tracts, containing 2500 Acres, upon which are seven Negro Quarters, with Tobacco and Corn-Houses in good Repair; and likewise a Parcel of Country born Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, and Children; with Cattle, Hogs, and Horses.

BENEDICT CALVERT.

JUST IMPORTED from *ENGLAND*,

In the Sweet Antigua Merchant, *and to be SOLD*,

A Very handsome well-furnish'd Chariot, with Harness, &c. for two Horses; the Inside lined with fine yellow Velvet, flourish'd and wrought with Silver Thread; with a Suit of white Tapestry Curtains laced behind and before; a large Fore Glass, and a Glass on each Side: The Outside of the Chariot is painted yellow, with a Coronet Coat of Arms gilt, and a great deal of carv'd Work. Whoever is inclined to purchase, may apply to Mr. *Robert Horner* at *Oxford*, where the Chariot is to be seen; or to the Subscriber on *Kent* Island.

GEORGE SWEETING.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber at Oxford *in* Talbot *County*,

A Fine Parcel of Size Twine, Roping and Whipping Dito; also a large Quantity of Quart Bottles; at very reasonable Rates.

GEORGE SWEETING.

WILLIAM CHAPMAN, *Junior*, designing for *London* this Fall, gives this public Notice thereof, that all Persons who have any Demands on him, may bring in their Accounts that they may be paid: And all those who are indebted to him, are desired to make Payment without any further Delay.

THE Subscriber, living in the City of *Annapolis*, near the House of *William Cumming*, Esq; carries on the Business of Stay-Making: where Ladies and others may be supplied with all Sorts of Stays, done in the best and neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, for Ready Money only.

CHARLES WALLACE.

THE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.